



https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/actions-for-schools-during-the-coronavirus-outbreak/schools-covid-19-operational-guidance (Step 4 level School Opening)

Public Health Guidance to Minimise Risks:

Prevention:	Prevention:				
Area / Aspect	Action	Notes	Actions / Other control Measures needed		
Full Reopening Risk Assessment	April 1st 2022 The UK Health Security Agency (UKHSA) will publish new guidance. Most of the specific COVID-19 guidance for education and childcare settings will be withdrawn from GOV. UK on Friday 1 April. The operational guidance on the testing in education settings document sharing platform will also be removed on the same day		This is the Risk assessment for the full opening of Hinguar Primary School and Nursery from 1 st September 2021 Risk Assessments will be shared with staff and there will be an opportunity to discuss the information provided prior to the Autumn term – and ongoing as updated.		
			This Risk Assessment and guidance is subject to change following any amendments to the Government guidance on COVID (which will also relate to the schools Outbreak Management Plan related to Covid level rises)		
			We will report to local public health advisors if we are concerned about transmission in the school and their advice will be acted upon immediately regarding additional measures. We will also ensure that our contingency plan is implemented if advised to take extra action in reflection of the local situation where rates are high.		
Mixing and 'bubbles'	December 9 th 2021 We no longer recommend that it is necessary to keep children in consistent groups ('bubbles'). This means that 'bubbles' will		Organisation of the school, including timetables for playtimes, lunchtimes, use of different rooms etc will no longer include arrangements via bubbles.		





	not need to be used in schools. As well as enabling flexibility in curriculum delivery, this means that assemblies can resume and you no longer need to make alternative arrangements to avoid mixing at lunch. You should make sure your contingency plans (sometimes called outbreak management plans) cover the possibility that it may become necessary to reintroduce 'bubbles' for a temporary period, to reduce mixing between groups. Any decision to recommend the reintroduction of 'bubbles' would not be taken lightly and would need to take account of the detrimental impact they can have on the delivery of education	Pupils from different classes and year groups will be allowed to mix both within the building and on the outside school areas.
Contact Tracing	April 1st 2022 The population now has much stronger protection against COVID-19 than at any other point in the pandemic. This means we can begin to manage the virus like other respiratory infections, thanks to the success of the vaccination programme and access to antivirals, alongside natural immunity and increased scientific and public understanding about how to manage risk.	
Isolation	April 1st 2022 Children and young people who are unwell and have a high temperature should stay at home and avoid contact with other people. They can go back to school, college or childcare when they no longer have a high temperature, and they are well enough to attend.	Pupils in the school will not be required to isolate unless they have a high temperature or test positive. Adults who test positive will stay at home and avoid contact with others for at least 5 days. The Trust still advises that 2 consecutive negative tests occur from day 5 onwards before returning.





	Adults with a positive COVID-19 test result should try to stay at	
	home and avoid contact with other people for 5 days, which is	
	when they are most infectious. For children and young people	
	aged 18 and under, the advice will be 3 days	
Face Coverings	January 21 st 2022	If there is a symptomatic pupil, staff wear face
	Following an announcement by the Government, face	coverings whilst supporting this pupil until they are
	coverings will no longer be required to be worn in communal	collected from site. Masks will be available in the
	areas from Thursday 27 th January.	Triage room for this purpose.
	Face coverings in communal areas may temporarily, and	The school will follow the guidance from public
	exceptionally, be advised by	health experts regarding face coverings should an
	DsPH:	outbreak occur.
	• for an individual setting, as part of their responsibilities in	
	outbreak management	
	• for settings across areas where DfE and public health experts	
	judge the measure to be proportionate, based on the evidence	
	public health experts share with the DFE and specific local	
	public health concerns. For example, where the area has been	
	designated as an enhanced response area, and where	
	transmission patterns may put exceptional local pressure on	
	the healthcare system. This is a temporary measure.	
	Face coverings in classrooms and teaching spaces may	
	temporarily, and exceptionally, be advised by DsPH for an	
	individual setting, as part of their responsibilities in outbreak	
	management.	
	Face coverings in classrooms and teaching spaces should only	
	ever be recommended across an area if it has been designated	





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	as an enhanced response area by the Local Action Committee command structure.	
	Children of primary school age and early years children should not be advised to wear face coverings. Any guidance should allow for circumstances where people are not able to wear face coverings.	
	In all cases any educational and wellbeing drawbacks in the recommended use of face coverings should be balanced with the benefits in managing transmission. Where recommended, the use of face coverings should be kept under regular review and lifted as soon as the evidence supports doing so.	
Contingency Plans	You should have contingency plans (sometimes called outbreak management plans) outlining what you would do if children, pupils, students or staff test positive for COVID-19, or how you would operate if you were advised to take extra measures to help break chains of transmission. Given the detrimental impact that restrictions on education can have on children and young people, any measures in schools should only ever be considered as a last resort, kept to the minimum number of schools or groups possible, and for the shortest amount of time possible.	See Outbreak Management Plan
	December 9 th 2021 Central government may offer local areas of particular concern an enhanced response package to help limit increases in transmission. For most settings it will make sense to think about taking extra action if the number of positive cases	





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substantially increases. Information on what circumstances	
might lead you to consider taking additional action, and the	
steps you should work through, can be found in the	
contingency framework	





Ongoing Control Measures:

Ensure good hygiene for everyone – Hand hygiene	Frequent and thorough hand cleaning should now be regular practice. You should continue to ensure that pupils clean their hands regularly. This can be done with soap and water or hand sanitiser.	The e-bug website contains teaching resources to support	Hand washing facilities in every class including liquid soap and paper towels Supplies in each class to be monitored and replenished as needed Sanitiser available in and around the school site Revision lessons will be delivered for pupils on hand washing, including rhymes and actions to support the wellbeing and hygiene across the school Continued display of posters to remind pupils and staff of rigorous hand washing hygiene
Ensure good hygiene for everyone – Respiratory hygiene	The 'catch it, bin it, kill it' approach continues to be very important.	The e-bug website contains teaching resources to support	'Catch it, bin it, kill it' will be taught in all classes across the school at the start of term There will be hygiene posters around the site, focusing on hand washing and use of bins There will be bins with lids that are emptied regularly around the school. Younger pupils (particularly EYFS) to be given additional support and teaching on expectations and managing hygiene in school
Ensure good hygiene for everyone – Use of PPE	Most staff in schools will not require PPE beyond what they would normally need for their work		If there is a symptomatic pupil, staff may wear PPE / face coverings whilst supporting this pupil until they are collected from site. PPE will be available in the Triage room for this purpose.





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Maintain Appropriate	You should put in place and maintain an appropriate cleaning	High contact areas (doors / balustrades / toilet doors
Cleaning regimes	schedule. This should include regular cleaning of areas and	etc.) will have additional cleans during the school day
	equipment (for example, twice per day), with a particular focus	Toilets will be cleaned regularly
	on frequently touched surfaces. UKHSA has published	Cleaning schedule plan to be in place to ensure
	guidance on the cleaning of non-healthcare settings.	additional monitoring of areas and levels of resources (eg. Soap, sanitiser, hand towels, toilet rolls)
		Signs to remind staff and pupils of good hand hygiene will be displayed in toilet areas Duty staff at playtimes and lunchtimes will ensure children only use the toilet one pupil at a time Windows will be opened daily and external doors open where appropriate (unless a safeguarding risk in which case internal doors and external windows will be opened)
Keep occupied spaces	When your school is in operation, it is important to ensure it is	External and internal windows and doors will be kept
well ventilated	well ventilated and that a comfortable teaching environment is maintained. Opening external windows can improve natural ventilation,	open when spaces are occupied, when safety permits.
	and in addition, opening internal doors can also assist with creating a throughput of air. If necessary, external opening doors may also be used (if they are not fire doors and where	Classroom external windows will be opened before children enter the site each day.
	safe to do so).	December 2021
	You should balance the need for increased ventilation while maintaining a comfortable temperature.	CO2 monitors have now been fitted in all classrooms.
	CO2 monitors are being provided to state-funded education	
	settings, so staff can quickly identify where ventilation needs to be improved.	





Covid-19 Symptoms, Testing & Managing cases

Follow PH advice		
C-19 Symptoms	April 1st 2022 Adults with the symptoms of a respiratory infection, and who have a high temperature or feel unwell, should try to stay at home and avoid contact with other people until they feel well enough to resume normal activities and they no longer have a high temperature. Adults with a positive COVID-19 test result should try to stay at home and avoid contact with other people for 5 days, which is when they are most infectious. For children and young people	Any staff with symptoms should not attend site, self-isolate and arrange a PCR test. If negative results, they may return to work. Any pupils developing C-19 symptoms will be sent home and parents advised to arrange a PCR test. Whilst waiting for collection, pupils will be monitored / supported in the Triage room, where external windows will be open. Pupils may return to site if PCR test is negative / following advise of public health.
Admission of symptomatic pupils	In most cases, parents and carers will agree that a pupil with symptoms should not attend the school, given the potential risk to others. If a parent or carer insists on a pupil attending your school, you can take the decision to refuse the pupil if, in your reasonable judgement, it is necessary to protect other pupils and staff from possible infection with COVID-19. Your decision would need to be carefully considered in light of all the circumstances and current public health advice. April 1st 2022 Children and young people who are unwell and have a high temperature should stay at home and avoid contact with other people. They can go back to school, college or childcare when they no longer have a high temperature, and they are well	following advice of public health. The school reserves the right to refuse on site attendance for a pupil if, following an SLT review / risk assessment it is deemed necessary to protect others from Covid-19 infection (e.g. if symptomatic and no PCR test has been taken / on the advice of UKHSA or SECAT)





Asymptomatic testing	April 1st 2022	
	Regular asymptomatic testing is no longer recommended in	
	any education or childcare setting, including in SEND,	
	alternative provision and children's social care settings.	
	Therefore, settings will no longer be able to order test kits	
PCR testing	Now that regular asymptomatic testing in mainstream	Regular testing will cease for all school staff from
	education and childcare settings is no longer advised, schools	April 1st 2022.
	may have surplus stock of self-test kits that are no longer	
	required.	
	UKHSA will issue further communications in due course about	
	how to manage any excess stock of test kits from Friday 1	
	April. Test kits are not to be handed out to staff, pupils, or	
	students unless advised by your local health protection team,	
	local authority or director of public health. Expired stock is	
	classified as municipal waste and may be disposed of with	
	other waste.	

Attendance

Attending school if CEV	All clinically extremely vulnerable (CEV) children and young people should attend their education setting unless they are one of the very small number of children and young people under paediatric or other specialist care who have been	If there are they shoul	chould be attending school as normal. The any CEV children whose families believe d not be attending site, medical evidence to this exemption will need to be provided
	advised by their clinician or other specialist not to attend	to the scho	·
Attendance Codes	School attendance is mandatory for all pupils of compulsory	The schoo	will use the appropriate attendance
	school age and it is a priority to ensure that as many children	codes in re	elation to Covid
	as possible regularly attend school.	X – self iso	lation / quarantine





Where a child is required to self-isolate or quarantine because	I – confirmed case of covid for that individual
of COVID-19 in accordance with relevant legislation or	
guidance published by PHE or the DHSC they should be	
recorded as code X (not attending in circumstances related to	
coronavirus). Where they are unable to attend because they	
have a confirmed case of COVID-19 they should be recorded	
as code I (illness).	
December 9 th update	
Following the move to Plan B by the Government, school	
attendance remains mandatory and all the usual rules	
continue to apply. Enabling children and young people to	
attend their education setting regularly continues to be a	
national priority. As usual, schools are able to grant leaves of	
absence for pupils in exceptional circumstances.	

Learning During Covid

Remote Education	Not all people with COVID-19 have symptoms. Where	Full expectations	Remote learning plans will reflect the in-school
	appropriate, you should support those who need to self-	for remote	learning taking place for those that must isolate.
	isolate because they have tested positive to work or learn	education,	Learning will be delivered via the TEAMS platform
	from home if they are well enough to do so. Schools subject to	support and	and include a range of teaching approaches including
	the remote education temporary continuity direction are	resources can be	Oak Academy, BBC lessons and pre-recorded teacher
	required to provide remote education to pupils covered by the	found on the get	lessons relevant to that pupil's stage of learning.
	direction where their attendance would be contrary to	help with remote	
	government guidance or legislation around COVID-19.	education service.	
	You should maintain your capacity to deliver high-quality		
	remote education for the next academic year, including for		
	pupils who are abroad, and facing challenges to return due to		
	COVID-19 travel restrictions, for the period they are abroad.		





	The remote education provided should be equivalent in length to the core teaching pupils would receive in school. You should work collaboratively with families and put in place reasonable adjustments so that pupils with special educational needs and disabilities (SEND) can successfully access remote education.	
Education recovery	There are a number of programmes and activities to support pupils to make up education missed as a result of the pandemic. Further information is available on education recovery support.	The focus of learning will continue to be on basic English / Maths skills, reviewing and filling gaps in knowledge and skills and ensuring key content is covered. We will be implementing a re-written curriculum across the school, ensuring a broad and balanced curriculum offer. There will continue to be a heavy focus on mental health and wellbeing – but through a range of topics / subjects. Assessments will involve a mixture of ongoing formative assessment combined with summative assessment tests where appropriate of the prior academic year's expectations for learning. Following gap analysis of pupils, targeted additional support e.g. tutoring / additional interventions to be utilised where appropriate.
Pupil wellbeing & Support	Some pupils may be experiencing a variety of emotions in response to the COVID-19 pandemic, such as anxiety, stress or low mood. You can access useful links and sources of support	Wellbeing focus in curriculum Daily / weekly (as appropriate) 'circle times' in all classes





on promoting and supporting mental health and wellbeing in schools	Focused 1:1 learning mentor work with identified pupils. Worry boxes in all classrooms and LM rooms.
	The MindEd resources can be used by teachers to support https://www.minded.org.uk/

Other Information

School Workforce	April 1st 2022 The population now has much stronger protection against COVID-19 than at any other point in the pandemic. This means we can begin to manage the virus like other respiratory infections, thanks to the success of the vaccination programme and access to antivirals, alongside natural immunity and increased scientific and public understanding about how to manage risk.	All staff should be attending school as normal. IF there are individual staff with specific needs or concerns, individual meetings will take place and Individual Risk Assessments of staff will take place if appropriate, in line with government and DfE advice.
School Meals	You should continue to provide free school meal support to any pupils who are eligible for benefits-related free school meals and who are learning at home during term time.	Plans are in place with the catering team on site, that if pupils, who are FSM, have to isolate then weekly food parcels / vouchers can be created to allow daily lunch provision. In line with guidance, these will contain food items not pre-prepared meals





Educational Visits	You should undertake full and thorough risk assessments in	Any educational visits / trips will be fully risk-
	relation to all educational visits and ensure that any public	assessed to ensure they are Covid safe before being
	health advice, such as hygiene and ventilation requirements, is	agreed / taking place.
	included as part of that risk assessment.	
Wrap around provision	December 9 th 2021	Clubs and booster classes before and after school
	Schools and early years settings should continue to offer their	will continue as will the outside wrap around care
	usual before and after-school activities, including wraparound	provision from EnergyKidz.
	childcare. These activities provide valuable childcare for	
	working parents and carers and promote the wellbeing of	
	children and young people.	
OFSTED Inspections	December 9 th 2021	The school will continue to prepare for an Ofsted
	For state-funded schools, Ofsted has resumed its programme	Inspection as per the inspection program for schools.
	of routine inspections and will aim to inspect every state-	
	funded school within the next 5 academic years. This will	
	mean an extension of up to 6 terms in the inspection interval	
	for those schools not inspected since the start of the	
	pandemic. Within the 5-year period, Ofsted will continue to	
	prioritise schools most in need of inspection, particularly those	
	with the lowest Ofsted grades. It will also prioritise	
	outstanding schools that were previously exempt from routine	
	inspection that have gone the longest without a visit.	
Accountability	December 9 th 2021	There is no published accountability data for the
	We will not publish the results of Key Stage 2 primary	school for 2020-2021 academic year.
	assessments. We will still produce the normal suite of KS2	In school assessments and data analysis will be used
	accountability measures and share these securely with	to inform targets and next steps for pupil progress.
	schools, academy trusts, local authorities and Ofsted.	